Name patient:	Please make sure you also have a list of all other medicines that you are using	Ask your doctor to record the type and date of last screening(s)	Patient Alert Card
	with you at any visit to a	for tuberculosis (TB)	Remsima® (infliximab)
	healthcare professional	below:	
Name doctor:			
	List of other medicines:		
Telephone number		Test:	
doctor:			
Date of Remsima therapy	List of allergies:	Date:	
initiation:			
Current administration:		Result:	
			Show this card to any
			doctor involved in your
			treatment

This alert card contains important safety information that you need to be aware of before and during treatment with Remsima.

It is important that you and your doctor record the brand name and batch number of your medication.

Keep this card with you for 4 months after your dose of Remsima, or in case of pregnancy for at least 6 months after the birth of your baby. Side effects may occur a long time after your last dose.

Please read the Remsima "package leaflet" carefully before you start using this medicine.

#### Infections

Before treatment with Remsima

- Tell your doctor if you have an infection even if it is a very minor one.
- It is very important that you tell your doctor if you have ever had tuberculosis (TB), or if you have been in close contact with someone who has had TB. Your doctor will test you to see if you have TB. Ask your doctor to record the type and date of your last screening(s) for TB on the card.
- Tell your doctor if you have hepatitis B or if you know or suspect you are a carrier of the hepatitis B virus.

## During treatment with Remsima

• Tell your doctor straight away if you have signs of an infection. Sign include a fever, feeling tired, (persistent) cough, shortness of breath, weight loss, night sweats, diarrhea, wounds, dental problems, burning when urinating or "flu-like" signs.

### **Heart failure**

Before treatment with Remsima

• Tell your doctor if you have any heart problems such as mild heart failure.

## During treatment with Remsima

• Tell your doctor straight away if you notice signs of a heart problem. Signs include shortness of breath, swelling of the feet or changes in our heartbeat.

# Pregnancy and vaccinations

• In case you have received Remsima while you were pregnant, it is important that you inform your baby's doctor about it before your baby receives any vaccine. Your baby should not receive a 'live vaccine', such as BCG (used to prevent tuberculosis) within 6 months after birth.